Kingbright

T-1 3/4 (5mm) FULL COLOR LED LAMP

Part Number: WP154A4SEJ3VBDZGW/CA

Hyper Red
Blue
Green

ATTENTION
OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS
FOR HANDLING
ELECTROSTATIC
DISCHARGE
SENSITIVE
DEVICES

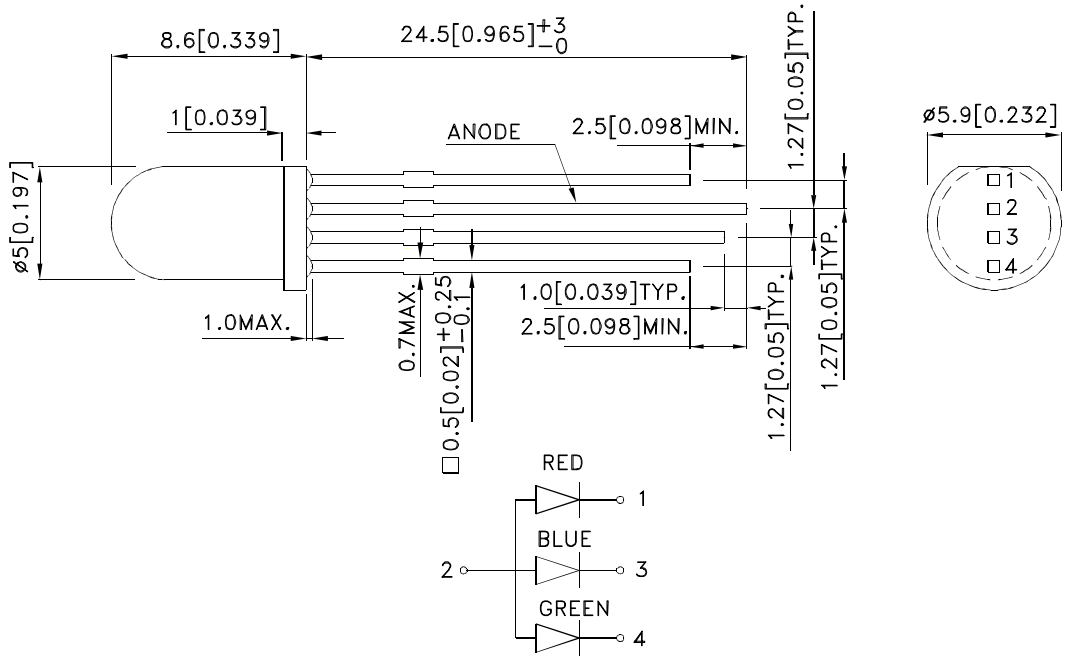
Features

- Uniform light output.
- Low power consumption.
- Long life-solid state reliability.
- RoHS compliant.

Description

The Hyper Red device is based on light emitting diode chip made from AlGaInP.
The Blue source color devices are made with InGaN Light Emitting Diode.
The Green source color devices are made with InGaN on Sapphire Light Emitting Diode.
Static electricity and surge damage the LEDS.
It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs.
All devices, equipment and machinery must be electrically grounded.

Package Dimensions



Notes:
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.

Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) [2] @ 20mA		Viewing Angle [1]
			Min.	Typ.	2θ1/2
WP154A4SEJ3VBDZGW/CA	Hyper Red (AlGaInP)	White Diffused	700	1100	60°
			*400	*700	
	Blue (InGaN)		200	400	
			*200	*400	
	Green (InGaN)		480	1100	
			*480	*1100	

Notes:
1. θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
2. Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.
 * Luminous intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

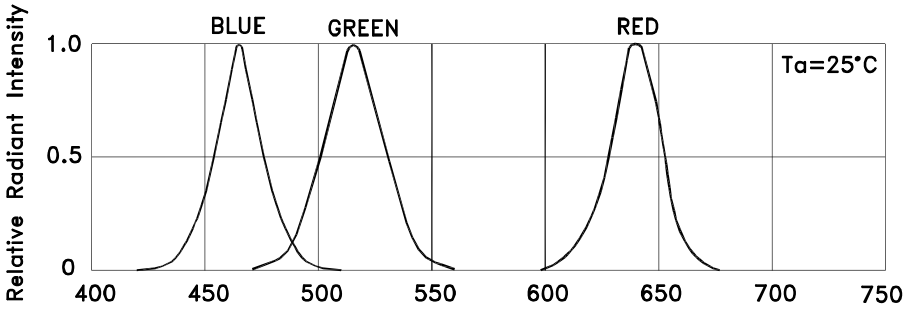
Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Hyper Red Blue Green	640 465 515		nm	I_F=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Hyper Red Blue Green	625 470 525		nm	I_F=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Hyper Red Blue Green	25 22 30		nm	I_F=20mA
C	Capacitance	Hyper Red Blue Green	27 100 45		pF	V_F=0V;f=1MHz
V_F [2]	Forward Voltage	Hyper Red Blue Green	2.2 3.3 3.3	2.8 4 4.1	V	I_F=20mA
I_R	Reverse Current	Hyper Red Blue Green		10 50 50	uA	V_R=5V

Notes:
1.Wavelength: +/-1nm.
2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.
3. Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

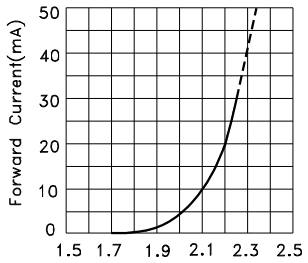
Parameter	Hyper Red	Blue	Green	Units
Power dissipation	84	120	102.5	mW
DC Forward Current	30	30	25	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	150	100	150	mA
Reverse Voltage	5			V
Operating/Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C			
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds			
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds			

Notes:
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. 2mm below package base.
3. 5mm below package base.

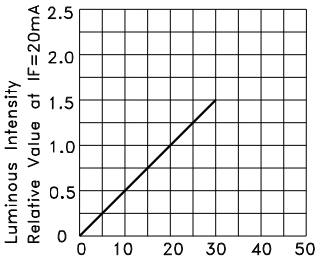


RELATIVE INTENSITY Vs. WAVELENGTH

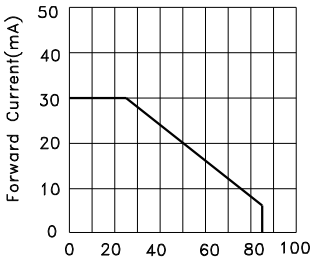
WP154A4SEJ3VBDZGW/CA
Hyper Red



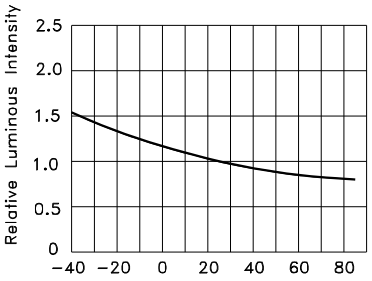
FORWARD CURRENT Vs.
FORWARD VOLTAGE



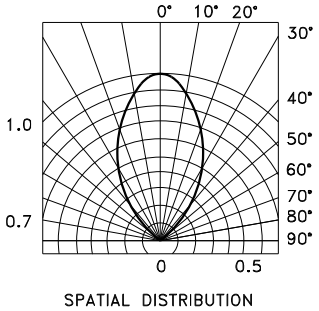
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.
FORWARD CURRENT



FORWARD CURRENT
DERATING CURVE

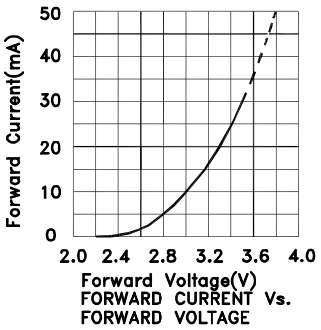


LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

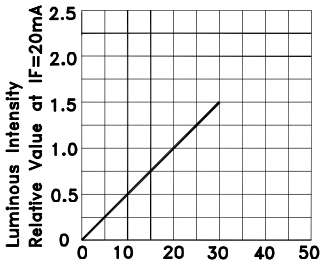


SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

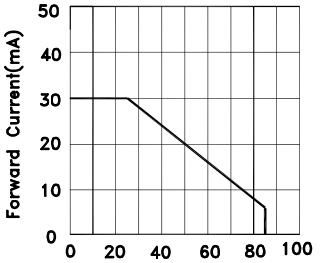
Blue



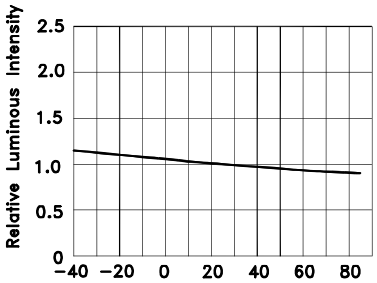
FORWARD CURRENT Vs.
FORWARD VOLTAGE



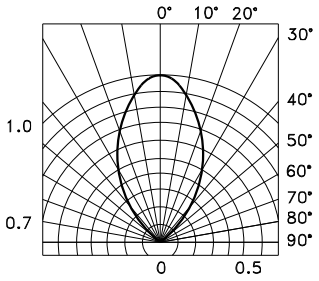
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.
FORWARD CURRENT



FORWARD CURRENT
DERATING CURVE

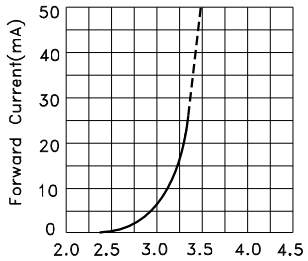


LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

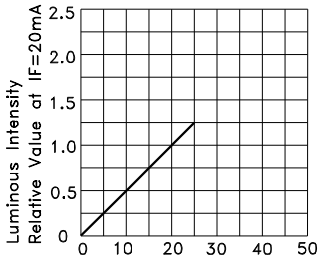


SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

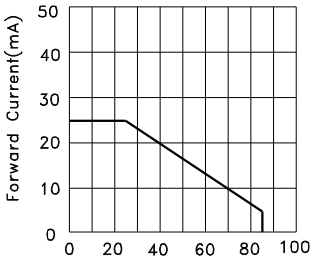
Green



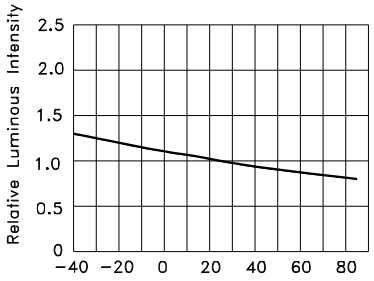
FORWARD CURRENT Vs.
FORWARD VOLTAGE



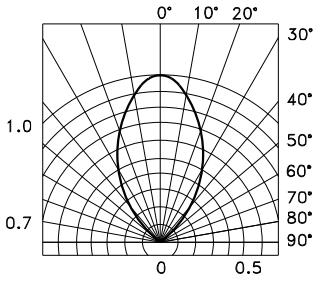
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.
FORWARD CURRENT



FORWARD CURRENT
DERATING CURVE

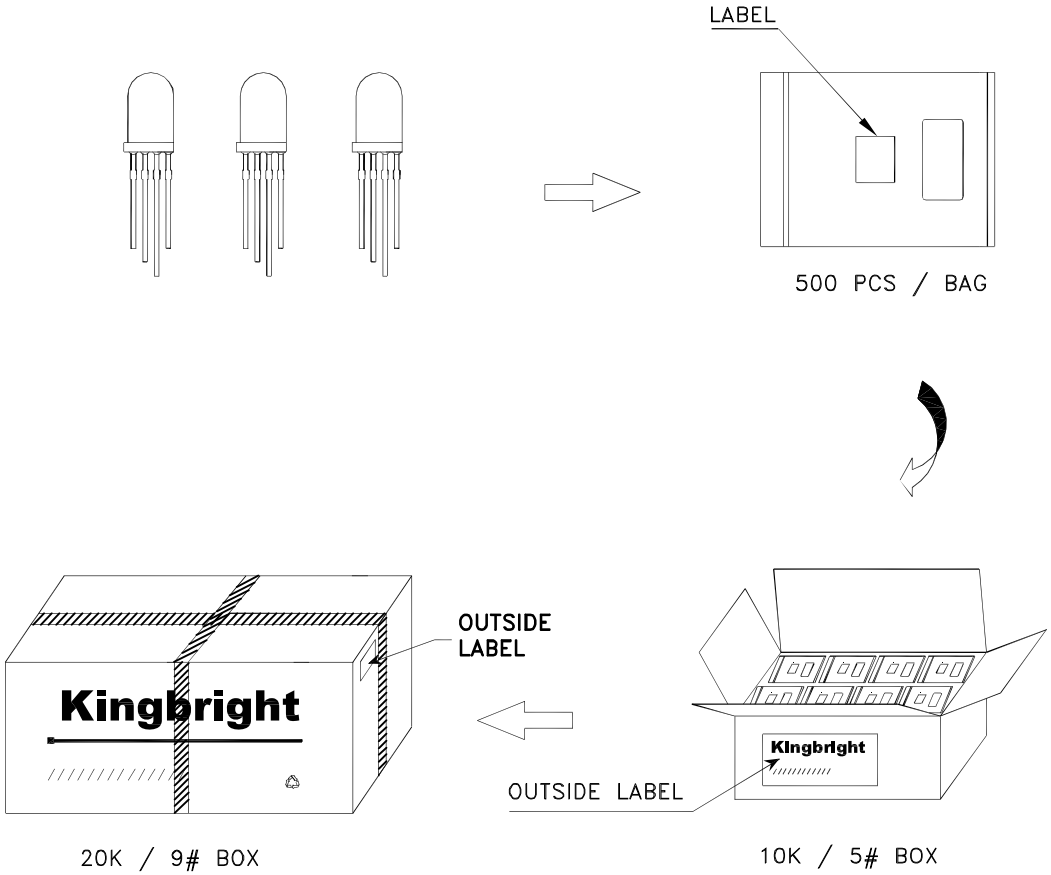


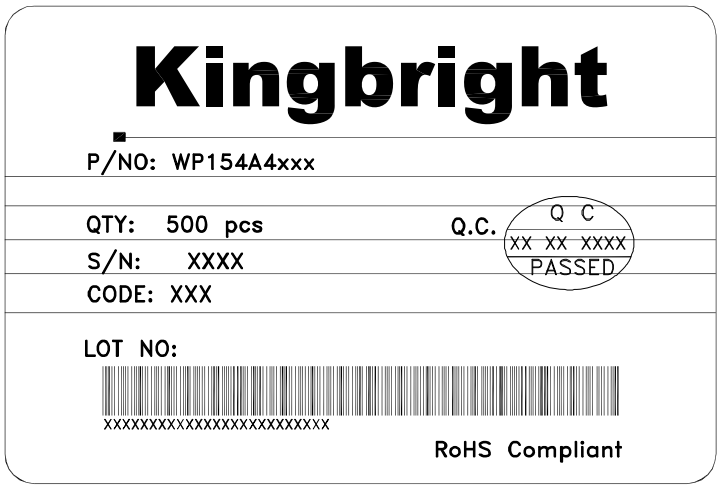
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS **WP154A4SEJ3VBDZGW/CA**





PRECAUTIONS

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. (Fig. 1)

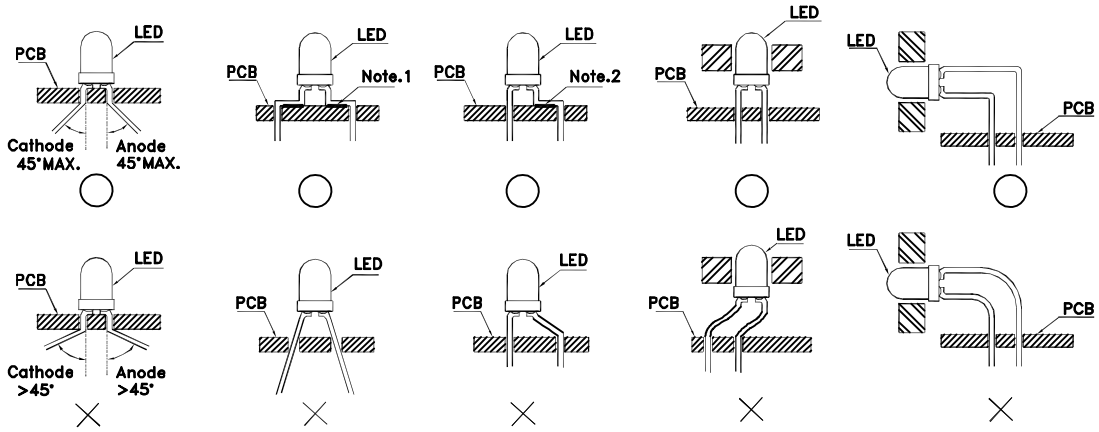


Fig.1

"○" Correct mounting method "×" Incorrect mounting method

2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit. (Fig.2)

3. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.

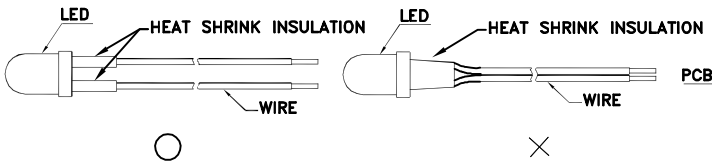


Fig. 2

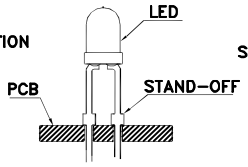


Fig. 3

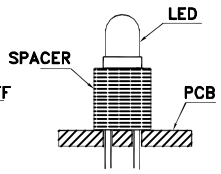


Fig. 4

4. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)

5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)

6. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 8)

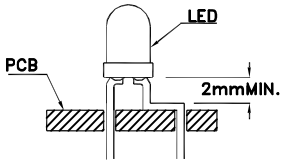


Fig. 5

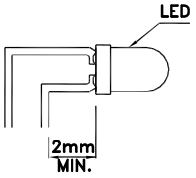


Fig. 6

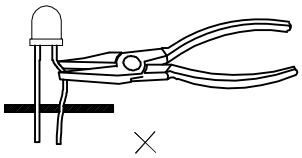


Fig. 7

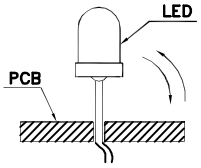
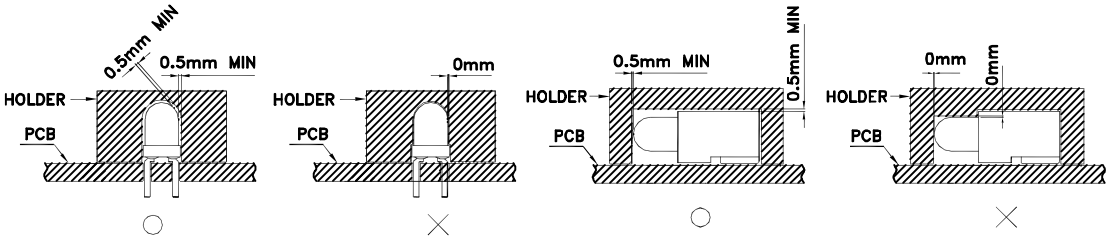
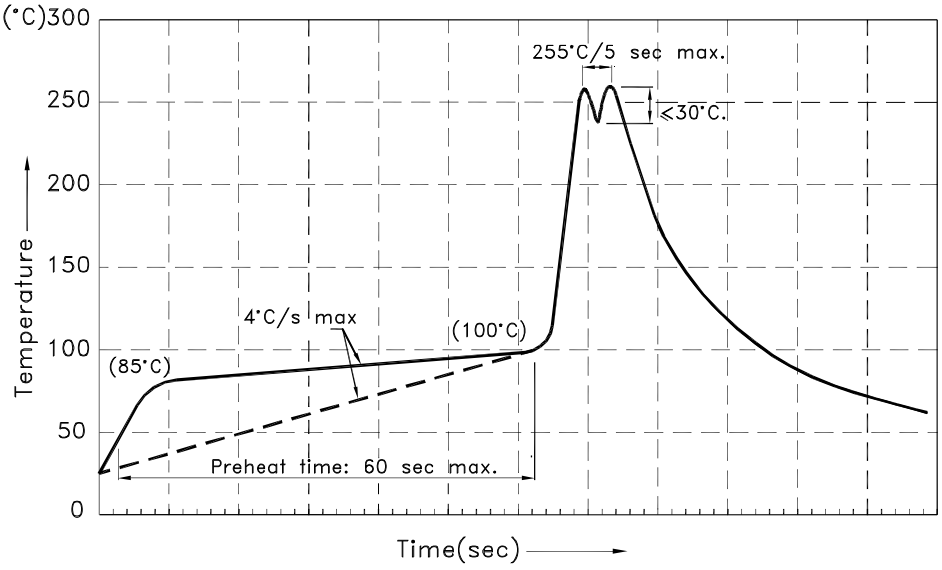


Fig. 8

7. During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering.



8. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
9. Through-hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
10. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.
11. Recommended Wave Soldering Profiles:



Notes:

1. Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C
2. Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
3. Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
4. Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
5. SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
6. No more than one wave soldering pass.

All design applications should refer to Kingbright application notes available at
http://www.KingbrightUSA.com/ApplicationNotes