VND5012AK-E

Double channel high side driver with analog current sense for automotive applications

Features

Max supply voltage	V_{CC}	41 V
Operating voltage range	V_{CC}	4.5 to 36 V
Max on-state resistance (per ch.)	R_{ON}	12 mΩ
Current limitation (typ)	I_{LIMH}	60 A
Off-state supply current (typ.)	I_S	2 µA(1)

1. Typical value with all loads connected.

- General features
  - Inrush current active management by power limitation
  - Very low standby current
  - 3.0 V CMOS compatible input
  - Optimized electromagnetic emission
  - Very low electromagnetic susceptibility
  - In compliance with the 2002/95/EC european directive
- Diagnostic functions
  - Proportional load current sense
  - High current sense precision for wide range currents
  - Current sense disable
  - Thermal shutdown indication
  - Very low current sense leakage
- Protections
  - Undervoltage shutdown
  - Overvoltage clamp
  - Output stuck to Vcc detection
  - Load current limitation
  - Self limiting of fast thermal transients
  - Protection against loss of ground and loss of V_{CC}
  - Thermal shutdown

PowerSSO-24

  - Reverse battery protection (see *Application schematic*)
  - Electrostatic discharge protection

Application

- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads

Description

The VND5012AK-E a monolithic device made using STMicroelectronics VIPower M0-5 technology. It is intended for driving resistive or inductive loads with one side connected to ground. Active V_{CC} pin voltage clamp protects the device against low energy spikes (see ISO7637 transient compatibility table). This device integrates an analog current sense which delivers a current proportional to the load current (according to a known ratio) when CS_DIS is driven low or left open. When CS_DIS is driven high, the CURRENT SENSE pin is in a high impedance condition. Output current limitation protects the device in overload condition. In case of long overload duration, the device limits the dissipated power to safe level up to thermal shutdown intervention. Thermal shutdown with automatic restart allows the device to recover normal operation as soon as fault condition disappears.

Table 1. Device summary

Package	Order codes	
	Tube	Tape and reel
PowerSSO-24	VND5012AK-E	VND5012AKTR-E

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1 Block diagram and pin description

Figure 1. Block diagram

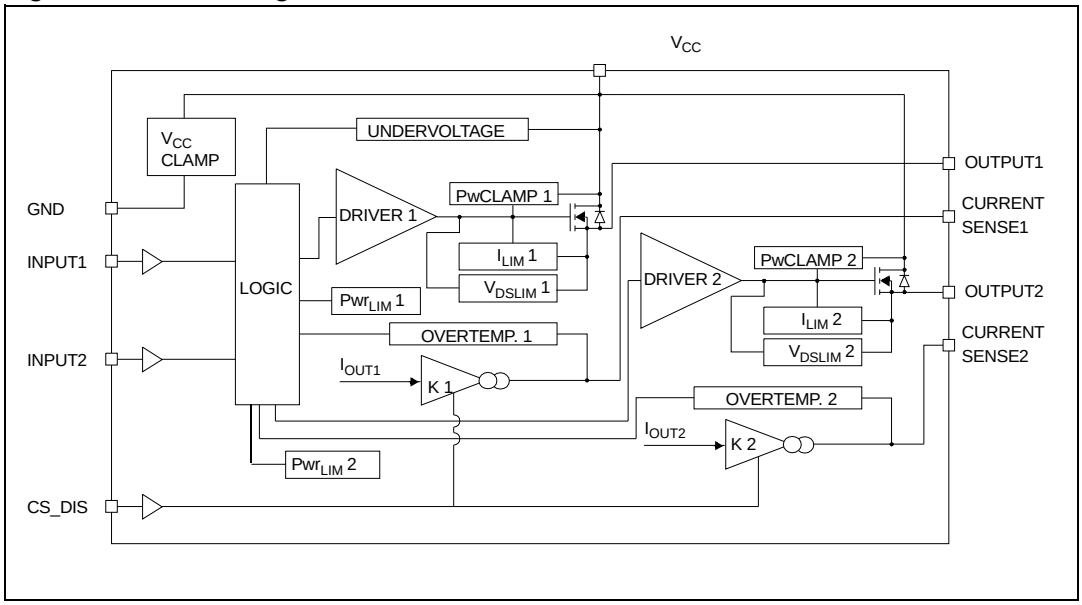


Table 2. Pin function

Name	Function
V_{CC}	Battery connection.
$OUTPUT_{1,2}$	Power output.
GND	Ground connection. Must be reverse battery protected by an external diode/resistor network.
$INPUT_{1,2}$	Voltage controlled input pin with hysteresis, CMOS compatible. Controls output switch state.
$CURRENT\ SENSE_{1,2}$	Analog current sense pin, delivers a current proportional to the load current.
CS_DIS	Active high CMOS compatible pin, to disable the current sense pin.

Figure 2. Configuration diagram (top view)

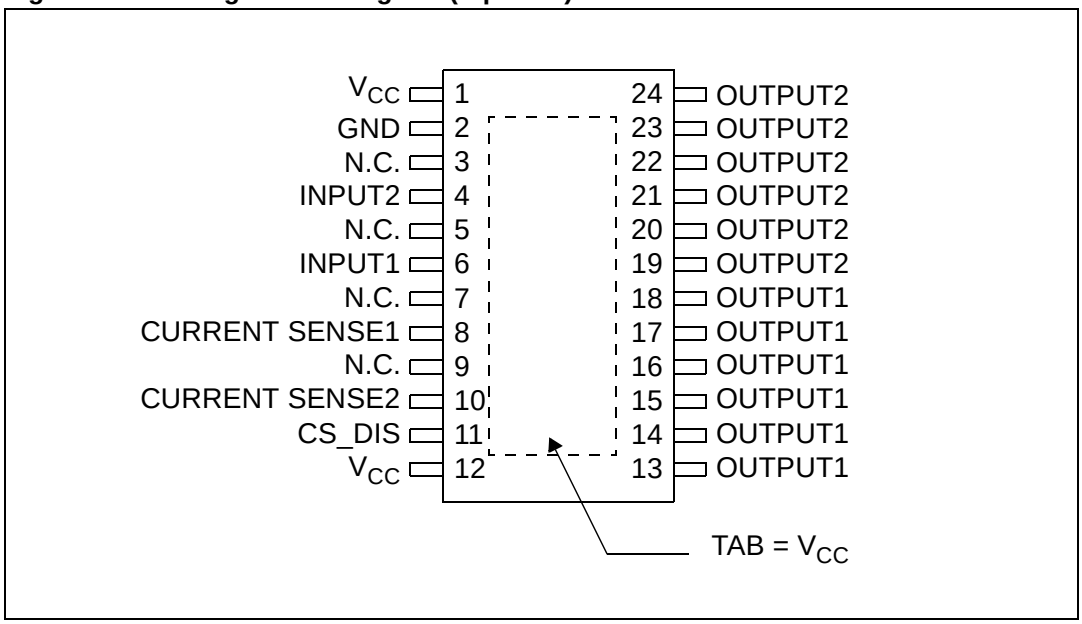
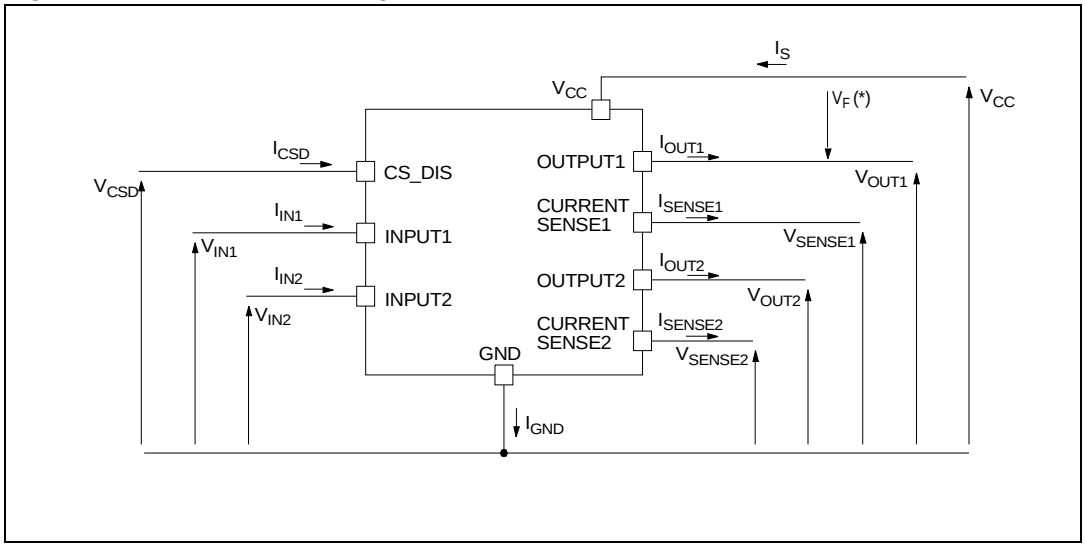


Table 3. Suggested connections for unused and not connected pins

Connection / pin	Current Sense	N.C.	Output	Input	CS_DIS
Floating	Not allowed	X	X	X	X
To ground	Through 1 KΩ resistor	X	Not allowed	Through 10 KΩ resistor	Through 10 KΩ resistor

2 Electrical specifications

Figure 3. Current and voltage conventions



Note: *$V_{Fn} = V_{OUTn} - V_{CC}$ during reverse battery condition.*

2.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the “Absolute maximum ratings” table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to the conditions in table below for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality document.

Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage	41	V
$-V_{CC}$	Reverse DC supply voltage	0.3	V
$-I_{GND}$	DC reverse ground pin current	200	mA
I_{OUT}	DC output current	Internally limited	A
$-I_{OUT}$	Reverse DC output current	-30	A
I_{IN}	DC Input current	-1 to 10	mA
I_{CSD}	DC current sense disable input current	-1 to 10	mA
$-I_{CSENSE}$	DC reverse CS pin current	200	mA
V_{CSENSE}	Current sense maximum voltage	V_{CC}-41 +V_{CC}	V V

Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
E_{MAX}	Maximum switching energy (L=1.25 mH; R_L=0 Ω; V_{bat}=13.5 V; T_{jstart}=150 °C; I_{OUT} = I_{limL}(Typ.))	508	mJ
V_{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge (Human body model: R= 1.5 KΩ; C= 100 pF) – INPUT – CURRENT SENSE – CS_DIS – OUTPUT – V_{CC}	 4000 2000 4000 5000 5000	 V V V V V
V_{ESD}	Charge device model (CDM-AEC-Q100-011)	750	V
T_j	Junction operating temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-55 to 150	°C

2.2 Thermal data

Table 5. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Max value	Unit
$R_{thj\text{-}case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case (max) (With one channel on)	0.4	°C/W
$R_{thj\text{-}amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient (max)	See *Figure 29*	°C/W

2.3 Electrical characteristics

8V<V_{CC}<36V; -40°C<T_j<150°C, unless otherwise specified.

Table 6. Power section

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{CC}	Operating supply voltage		4.5	13	36	V
V_{USD}	Undervoltage shutdown			3.5	4.5	V
$V_{USDhyst}$	Undervoltage shutdown hysteresis			0.5		V
R_{ON}	On-state resistance(2)	I_{OUT}=5A; T_j=25°C I_{OUT}=5A; T_j=150°C I_{OUT}=5A; V_{CC}=5V; T_j=25°C			12 24 16	mΩ mΩ mΩ
V_{clamp}	Clamp voltage	I_S=20mA	41	46	52	V
I_S	Supply current	Off-state; V_{CC}=13V; T_j=25°C; V_{IN}=V_{OUT}=V_{SENSE}=V_{CSD}=0V On-state; V_{CC}=13V; V_{IN}=5V; I_{OUT}=0A		2(1) 3	5(1) 6	µA mA
$I_{L(off)}$	Off-state output current(2)	V_{IN}=V_{OUT}=0V; V_{CC}=13V; T_j=25°C V_{IN}=V_{OUT}=0V; V_{CC}=13V; T_j=125°C	0 0	0.01	3 5	µA
V_F	Output V_{CC} diode voltage(2)	-I_{OUT}= 8A; T_j=150°C			0.7	V

1. PowerMOS leakage included.
2. For each channel.

Table 7. Switching (V_{CC}=13V; T_j=25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	R_L= 2.6 Ω (see *Figure 8*)		20		µs
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time	R_L= 2.6 Ω (see *Figure 8*)		35		µs
$dV_{OUT}/dt_{(on)}$	Turn-on voltage slope	R_L= 2.6 Ω	See *Figure 21*			V/µs
$dV_{OUT}/dt_{(off)}$	Turn-off voltage slope	R_L= 2.6 Ω	See *Figure 22*			V/µs
W_{ON}	Switching energy losses during t_{won}	R_L= 2.6 Ω (see *Figure 8*)		1.1		mJ
W_{OFF}	Switching energy losses during t_{woff}	R_L= 2.6 Ω (see *Figure 8*)		0.7		mJ

Table 8. Logic inputs

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{IL}	Input low level voltage				0.9	V
I_{IL}	Low level input current	V_{IN}=0.9 V	1			µA
V_{IH}	Input high level voltage		2.1			V
I_{IH}	High level input current	V_{IN}=2.1 V			10	µA
$V_{I(hyst)}$	Input hysteresis voltage		0.25			V
V_{ICL}	Input clamp voltage	I_{IN}=1 mA I_{IN}=-1 mA	5.5	 -0.7	7	V V
V_{CSDL}	CS_DIS low level voltage				0.9	V
I_{CSDL}	Low level CS_DIS current	V_{CSD}=0.9 V	1			µA
V_{CSDH}	CS_DIS high level voltage		2.1			V
I_{CSDH}	High level CS_DIS current	V_{CSD}=2.1 V			10	µA
$V_{CSD(hyst)}$	CS_DIS hysteresis voltage		0.25			V
V_{CSCL}	CS_DIS clamp voltage	I_{CSD}=1 mA I_{CSD}=-1 mA	5.5	 -0.7	7	V V

Table 9. Protections and diagnostics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{limH}	DC short circuit current	V_{CC}=13 V 5 V<V_{CC}<36 V	42	60	84 84	A A
I_{limL}	Short circuit current during thermal cycling	V_{CC}=13 V T_R<T_j<T_{TSD}		24		A
T_{TSD}	Shutdown temperature		150	175	200	°C
T_R	Reset temperature		T_{RS} + 1	T_{RS} + 5		°C
T_{RS}	Thermal reset of STATUS		135			°C
T_{HYST}	Thermal hysteresis (T_{TSD} -T_R)			7		°C
V_{DEMAG}	Turn-off output voltage clamp	I_{OUT}=2 A; V_{IN}=0; L=6 mH	V_{CC}-41	V_{CC}-46	V_{CC}-52	V
V_{ON}	Output voltage drop limitation	I_{OUT}= 0.4 A; T_j= -40 °C...+150 °C (see *Figure 26*)		25		mV

1. To ensure long term reliability under heavy overload or short circuit conditions, protection and related diagnostic signals must be used together with a proper software strategy. If the device is subjected to abnormal conditions, this software must limit the duration and number of activation cycles.

Table 10. Current sense (8V<V_{CC}<16V)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
K_0	I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE}	I_{OUT}= 0.25 A; V_{SENSE}=0.5 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_j= -40 °C...150 °C	2780	5580	8390	
K_1	I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE}	I_{OUT}= 5 A; V_{SENSE}=0.5 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_j= -40 °C...150 °C I_{OUT}=5 A; V_{SENSE}=0.5 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_j= 25 °C...150 °C	3590 4110	5100 5100	6630 6090	
dK_1/K_1(1)	Current sense ratio drift	I_{OUT}= 5 A; V_{SENSE}= 0.5 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_J= -40 °C to 150 °C	-8		+8	%
K_2	I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE}	I_{OUT}= 10 A; V_{SENSE}=4 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_j= -40 °C...150 °C I_{OUT}= 10 A; V_{SENSE}=4 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_j= 25 °C...150 °C	4400 4600	5090 5090	5930 5590	
dK_2/K_2(1)	Current sense ratio drift	I_{OUT}= 10 A; V_{SENSE}= 4 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_J= -40 °C to 150 °C	-5		+5	%
K_3	I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE}	I_{OUT}= 25 A; V_{SENSE}=4 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_j= -40 °C...150 °C I_{OUT}= 25 A; V_{SENSE}=4 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_j= 25 °C...150 °C	4820 4860	5060 5060	5420 5250	
dK_3/K_3(1)	Current sense ratio drift	I_{OUT}= 25 A; V_{SENSE}= 4 V; V_{CSD}=0 V; T_J= -40 °C to 150 °C	-4		+4	%
I_{SENSE0}	Analog sense leakage current	I_{OUT}=0 A; V_{SENSE}=0 V; V_{CSD}=5 V; V_{IN}=0 V; T_j=-40 °C...150 °C V_{CSD}=0 V; V_{IN}=5 V; T_j=-40 °C...150 °C I_{OUT}=2 A; V_{SENSE}=0 V; V_{CSD}=5 V; V_{IN}=5 V; T_j=-40 °C...150 °C	0 0 0		1 2 1	µA µA µA
I_{OL}	Open-load on-state current detection threshold	V_{IN} = 5 V, I_{SENSE}= 5 µA	10		45	mA
V_{SENSE}	Max analog sense output voltage	I_{OUT}=15 A; V_{CSD}=0 V	5			V
V_{SENSEH}	Analog sense output voltage in over temperature condition	V_{CC}= 13 V; R_{SENSE}= 3.9 KΩ		9		V
I_{SENSEH}	Analog sense output current in over temperature condition	V_{CC}= 13 V; V_{SENSE}= 5 V		8		mA
$t_{DSENSE1H}$	Delay response time from falling edge of CS_DIS pin	V_{SENSE}<4 V, 1.5 A<Iout<25 A I_{SENSE}= 90 % of $I_{SENSE\ max}$ (see *Figure 4*)		50	100	µs

Table 10. Current sense (8V<V_{CC}<16V) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{DSENSE1L}$	Delay response time from rising edge of CS_DIS pin	V_{SENSE}<4V, 1.5A<Iout<25A I_{SENSE}= 10% of $I_{SENSE\ max}$ (see *Figure 4*)		5	20	µs
$t_{DSENSE2H}$	Delay response time from rising edge of INPUT pin	V_{SENSE}<4 V, 1.5 A<Iout<25 A I_{SENSE}= 90 % of $I_{SENSE\ max}$ (see *Figure 4*)		270	400	µs
$\Delta t_{DSENSE2H}$	Delay response time between rising edge of output current and rising edge of current sense	V_{SENSE}<4 V, I_{SENSE} = 90 % of $I_{SENSEMAX}$, I_{OUT} = 90 % of I_{OUTMAX} I_{OUTMAX}= 5 A (see *Figure 5*)			300	µs
$t_{DSENSE2L}$	Delay response time from falling edge of INPUT pin	V_{SENSE}<4 V, 1.5 A<Iout<25 A I_{SENSE}=10 % of $I_{SENSE\ max}$ (see *Figure 4*)		100	250	µs

1. Parameter guaranteed by design, it is not tested.

Figure 4. Current sense delay characteristics

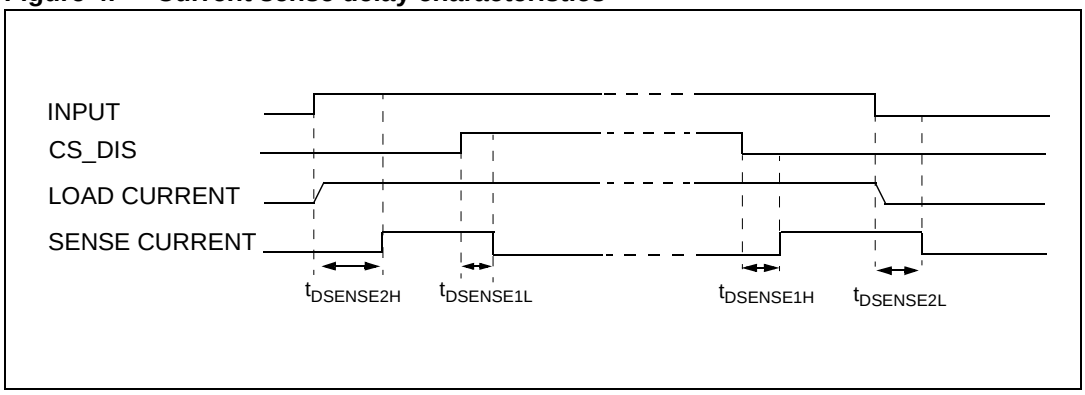


Figure 5. Delay response time between rising edge of output current and rising edge of current sense (CS enabled)

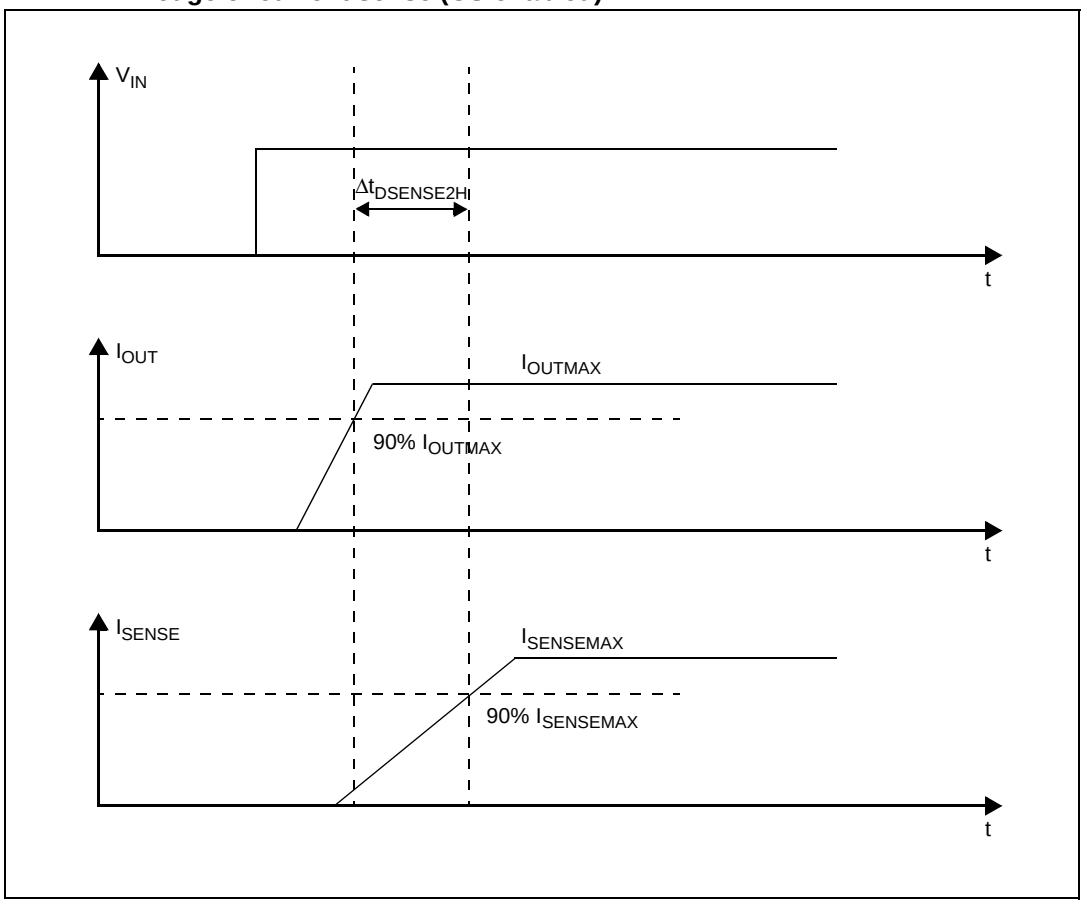


Figure 6. I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE} vs I_{OUT}

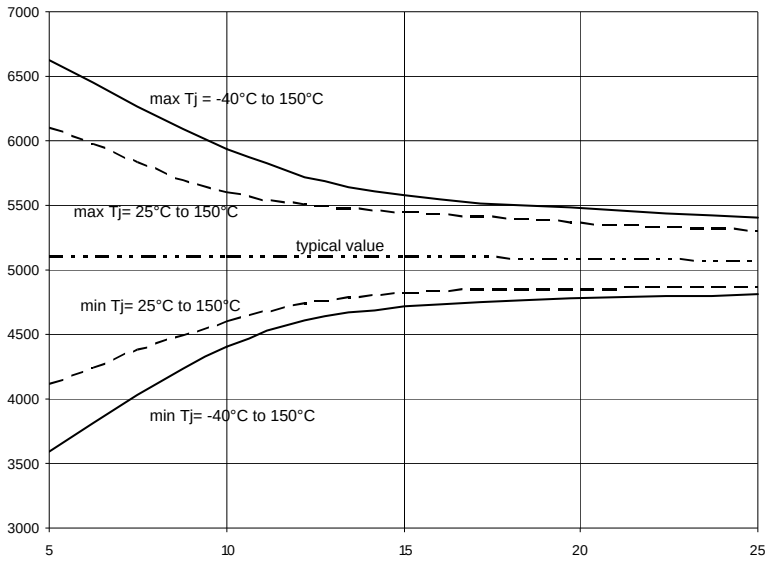
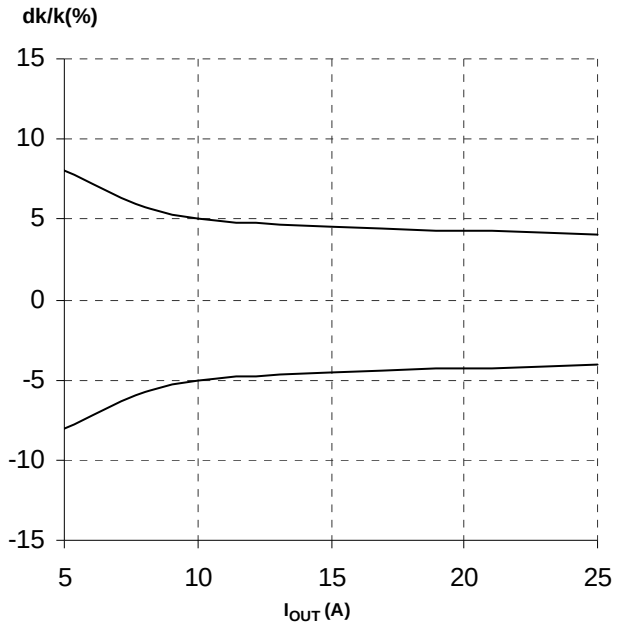


Figure 7. Maximum current sense ratio drift vs load current



Note: Parameter guaranteed by design; it is not tested.

Table 11. Truth table

Conditions	Input	Output	Sense (V_{CSD}=0V)(1)
Normal operation	L H	L H	0 Nominal
Over temperature	L H	L L	0 V_{SENSEH}
Undervoltage	L H	L L	0 0
Short circuit to GND ($R_{SC} \leq 10\ m\Omega$)	L H H	L L L	0 0 if $T_j < T_{TSD}$ V_{SENSEH} if $T_j > T_{TSD}$
Short circuit to V_{CC}	L H	H H	0 < Nominal
Negative output voltage clamp	L	L	0

1. If the V_{CSD} is high, the SENSE output is at a high impedance, its potential depends on leakage currents and external circuit.

Figure 8. Switching characteristics

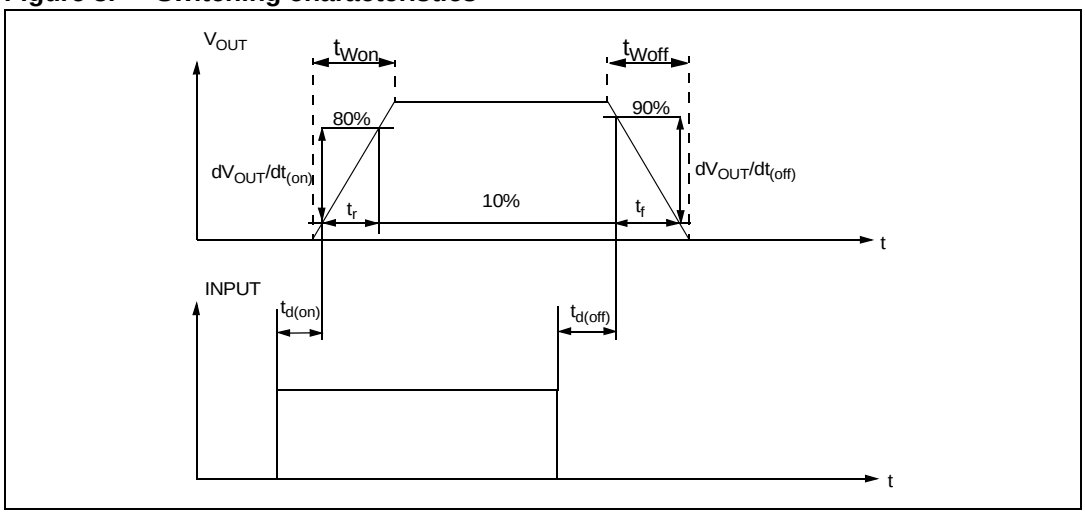


Figure 9. Output voltage drop limitation

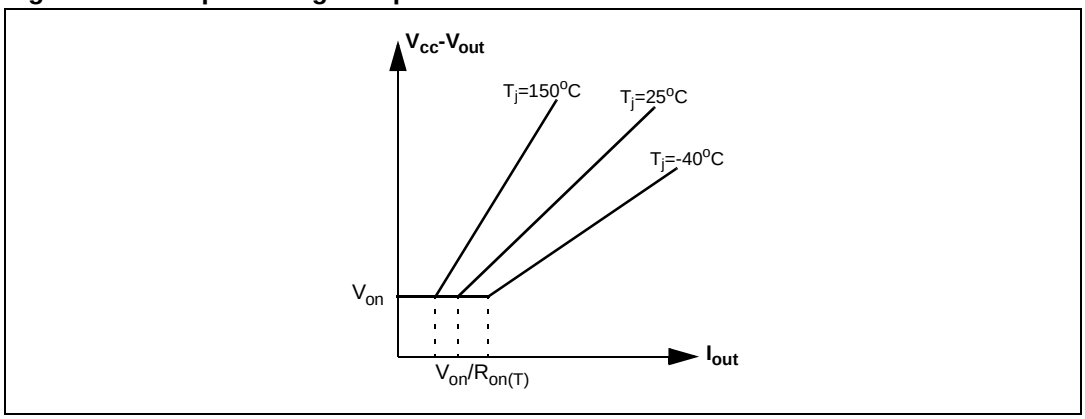


Table 12. Electrical transient requirements (part 1/3)

ISO 7637-2: 2004(E) test pulse	Test levels(1)		Number of pulses or test times	Burst cycle/pulse repetition time		Delays and impedance
	III	IV		Min.	Max.	
1	-75V	-100V	5000 pulses	0.5 s	5 s	2 ms, 10 Ω
2a	+37V	+50V	5000 pulses	0.2 s	5 s	50 µs, 2 Ω
3a	-100V	-150V	1h	90 ms	100 ms	0.1 µs, 50 Ω
3b	+75V	+100V	1h	90 ms	100 ms	0.1 µs, 50 Ω
4	-6V	-7V	1 pulse			100 ms, 0.01 Ω
5b(2)	+65V	+87V	1 pulse			400 ms, 2 Ω

Table 13. Electrical transient requirements (part 2/3)

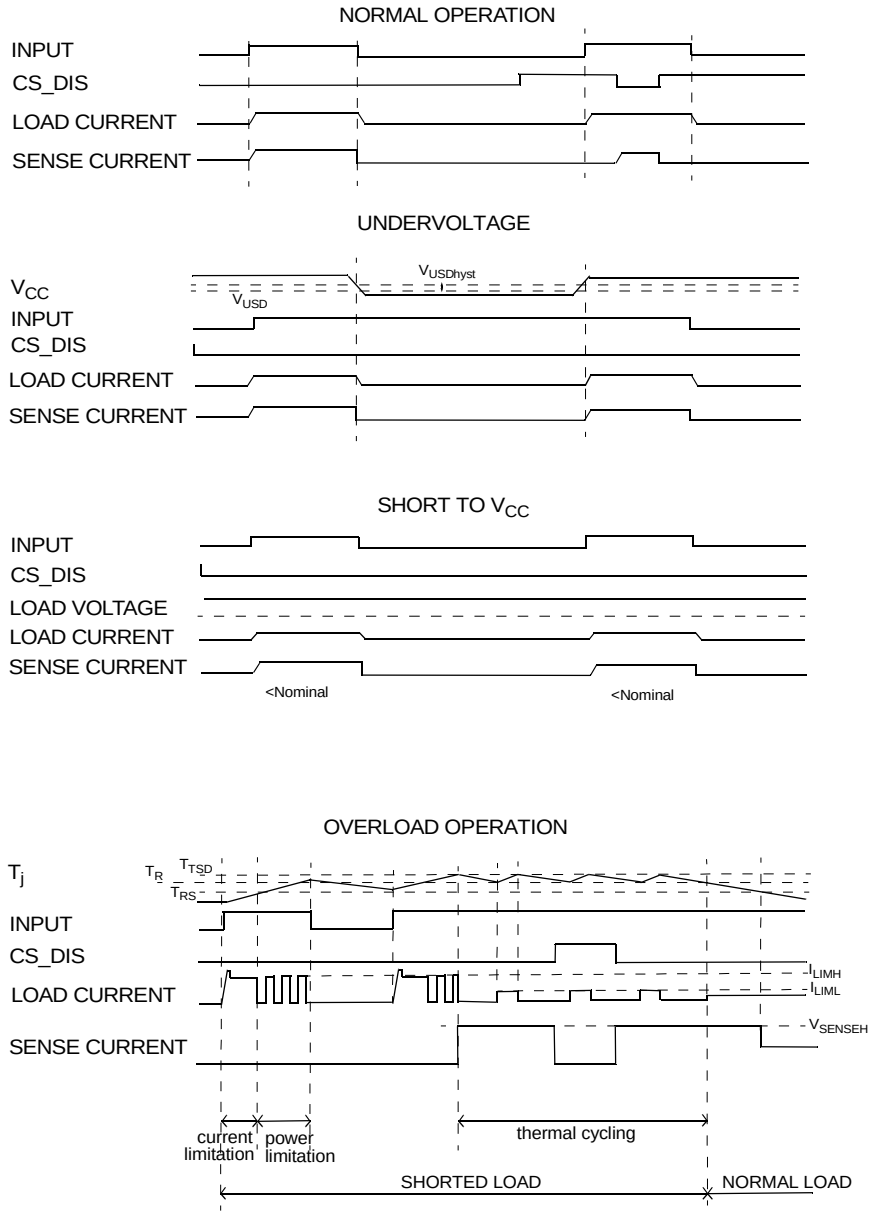
ISO 7637-2: 2004(E) test pulse	Test level results (1)	
	III	IV
1	C	C
2	C	C
3a	C	C
3b	C	C
4	C	C
5(2)	C	C

1. The above test levels must be considered referred to V_{CC} = 13.5 V except for pulse 5 b.
2. Valid in case of external load dump clamp: 40 V maximum referred to ground.

Table 14. Electrical transient requirements (part 3/3)

Class	Contents
C	All functions of the device are performed as designed after exposure to disturbance.
E	One or more functions of the device are not performed as designed after exposure to disturbance and cannot be returned to proper operation without replacing the device.

Figure 10. Waveforms



2.4 Electrical characteristics curves

Figure 11. Off-state output current

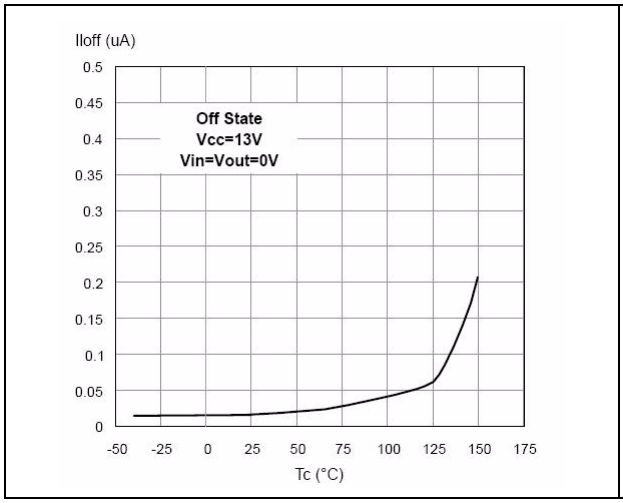


Figure 12. High level input current

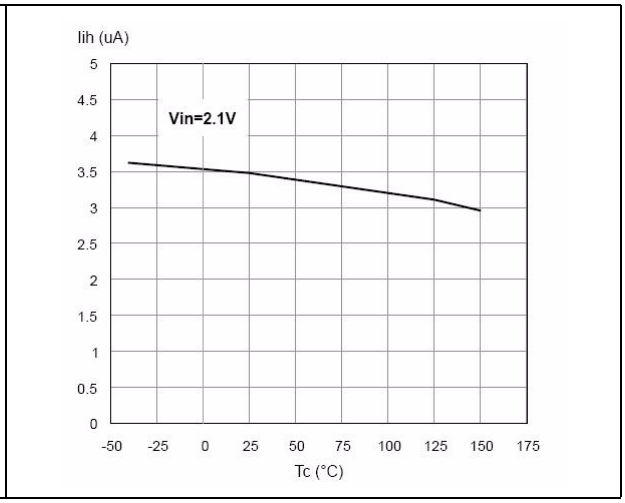


Figure 13. Input clamp voltage

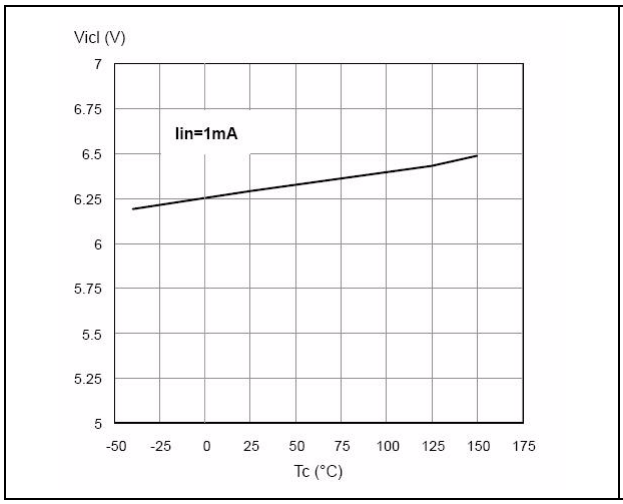


Figure 14. Input high level

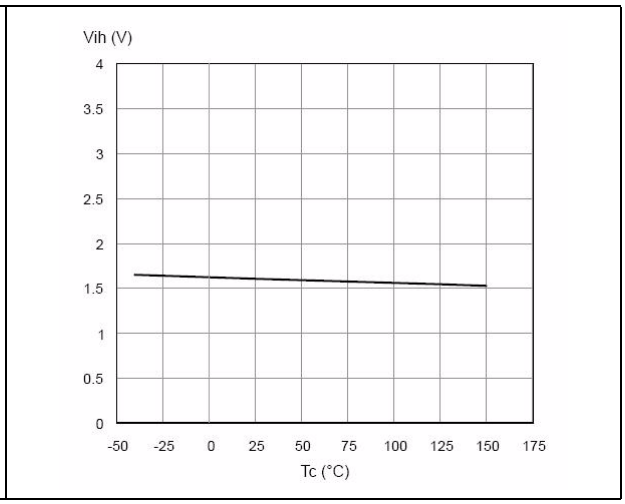


Figure 15. Input low level

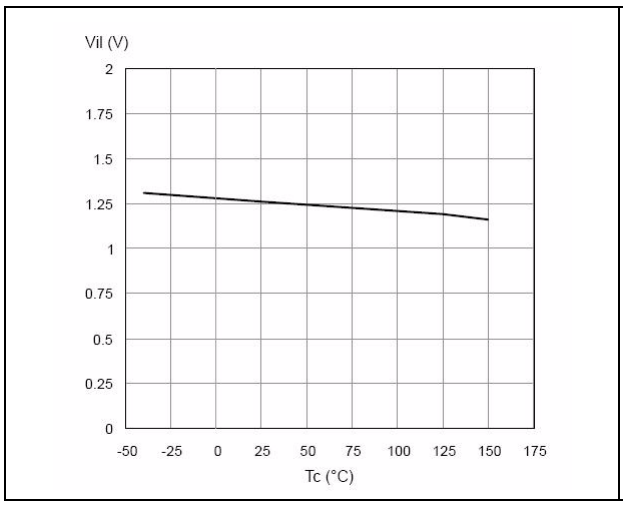


Figure 16. Input hysteresis voltage

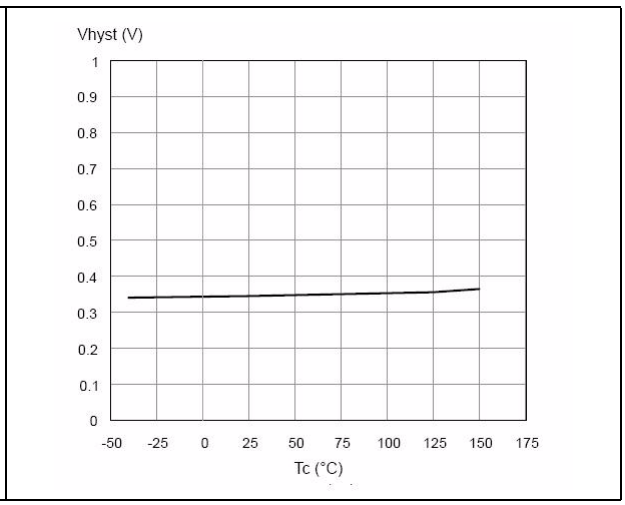


Figure 17. On-state resistance vs T_{case}

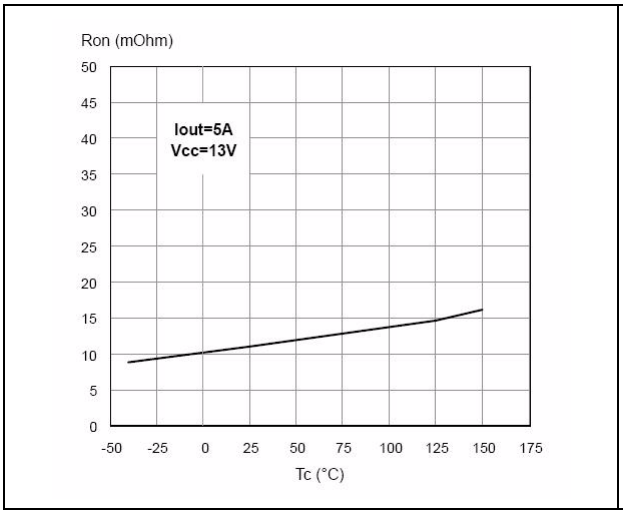


Figure 18. On-state resistance vs V_{CC}

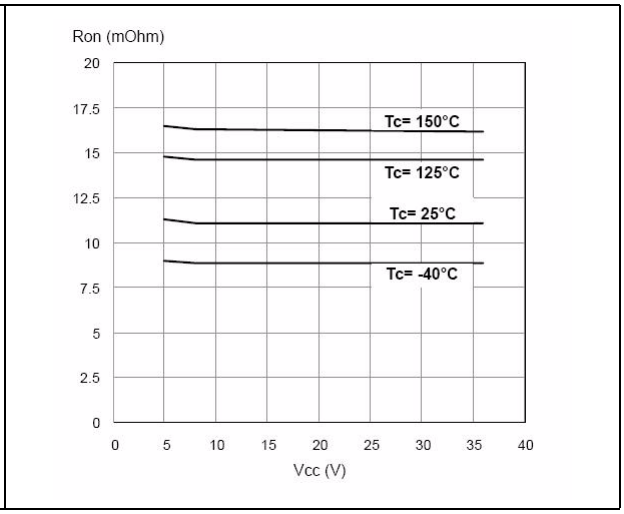


Figure 19. Undervoltage shutdown

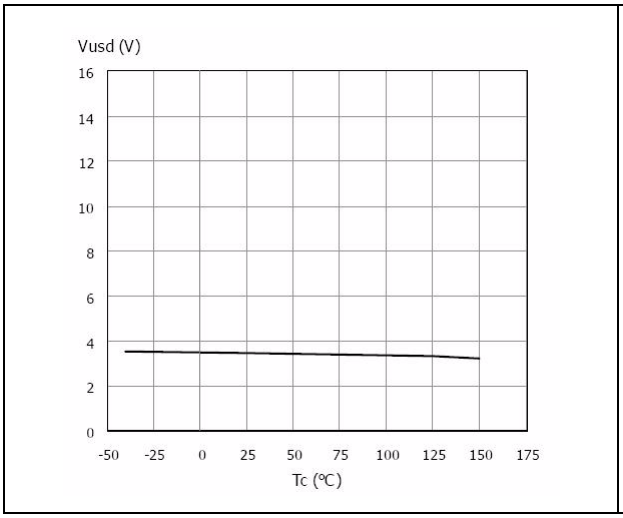


Figure 20. I_{LIMH} vs T_{case}

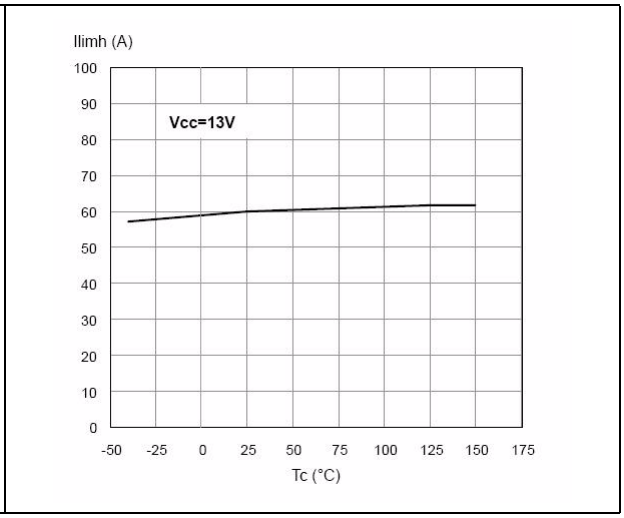


Figure 21. Turn-on voltage slope

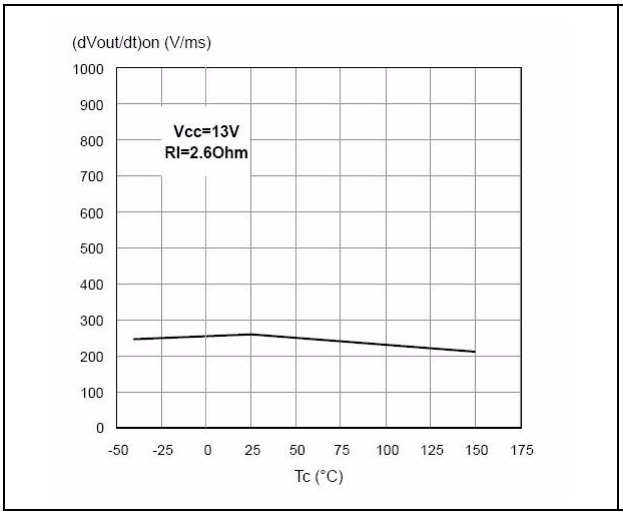


Figure 22. Turn-off voltage slope

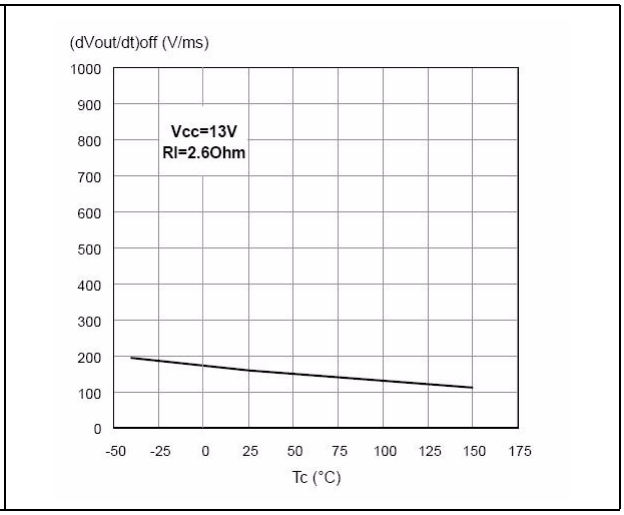


Figure 23. CS_DIS high level voltage

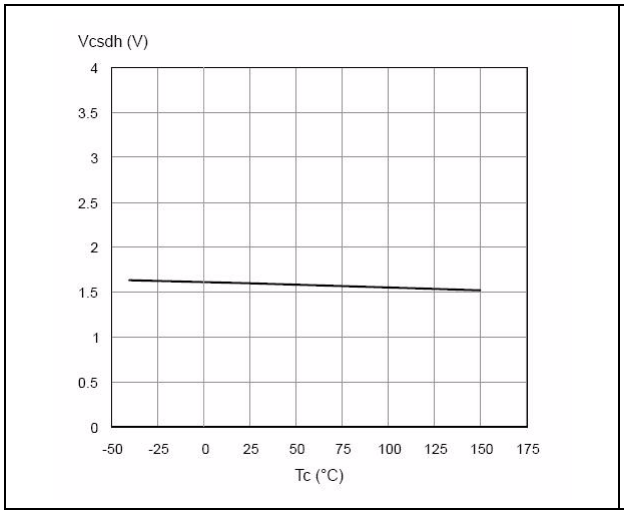


Figure 24. CS_DIS clamp voltage

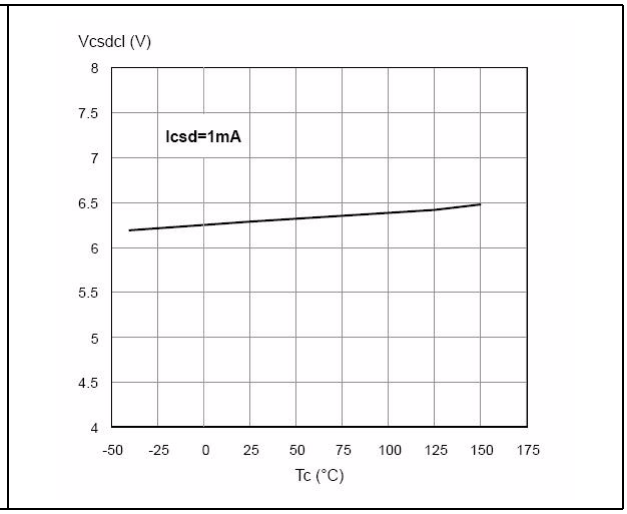
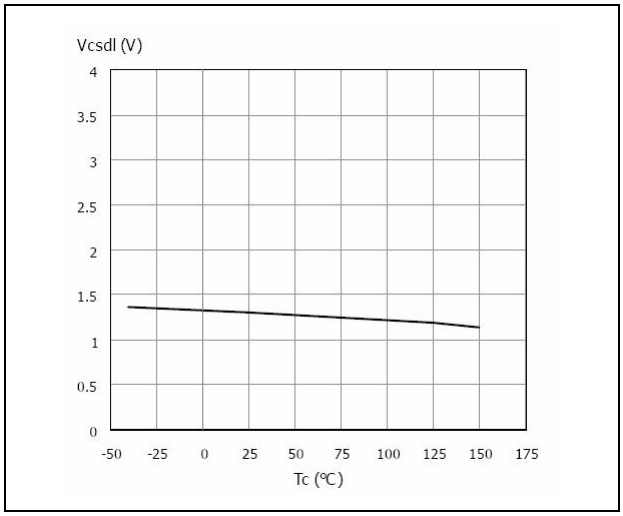
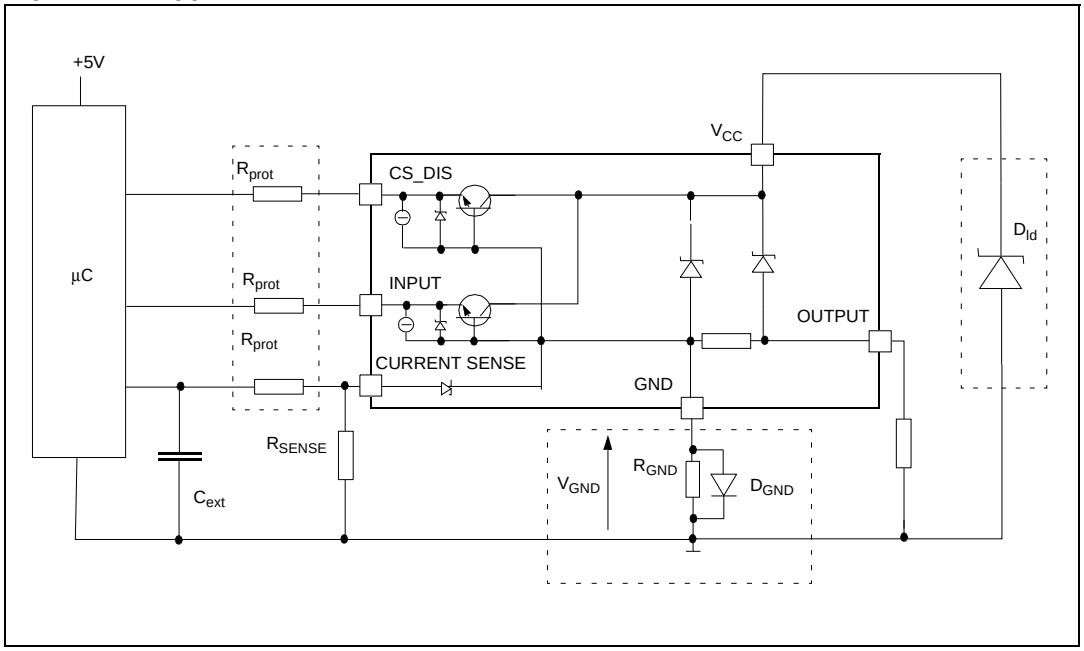


Figure 25. CS_DIS low level voltage



3 Application information

Figure 26. Application schematic



Note: Channel 2 has the same internal circuit as channel 1.

3.1 GND Protection network against reverse battery

3.1.1 Solution 1: resistor in the ground line (R_{GND} only)

This can be used with any type of load.

The following is an indication on how to dimension the R_{GND} resistor.

1. $R_{GND} \leq 600\ mV / (I_{S(on)max})$.
2. $R_{GND} \geq (-V_{CC}) / (-I_{GND})$

where $-I_{GND}$ is the DC reverse ground pin current and can be found in the absolute maximum rating section of the device datasheet.

Power Dissipation in R_{GND} (when V_{CC}<0: during reverse battery situations) is:

$P_D = (-V_{CC})^2 / R_{GND}$

This resistor can be shared amongst several different HSDs. Please note that the value of this resistor should be calculated with formula (1) where $I_{S(on)max}$ becomes the sum of the maximum on-state currents of the different devices.

Please note that if the microprocessor ground is not shared by the device ground then the R_{GND} will produce a shift ($I_{S(on)max} * R_{GND}$) in the input thresholds and the status output values. This shift will vary depending on how many devices are ON in the case of several high side drivers sharing the same R_{GND}.

If the calculated power dissipation leads to a large resistor or several devices have to share the same resistor then ST suggests to utilize Solution 2 (see below).

3.1.2 Solution 2: diode (D_{GND}) in the ground line

A resistor (R_{GND}=1 kΩ) should be inserted in parallel to D_{GND} if the device drives an inductive load.

This small signal diode can be safely shared amongst several different HSDs. Also in this case, the presence of the ground network will produce a shift (≈600mV) in the input threshold and in the status output values if the microprocessor ground is not common to the device ground. This shift will not vary if more than one HSD shares the same diode/resistor network.

3.2 Load dump protection

D_{ld} is necessary (Voltage Transient Suppressor) if the load dump peak voltage exceeds the V_{CC} max DC rating. The same applies if the device is subject to transients on the V_{CC} line that are greater than the ones shown in the ISO 7637-2: 2004(E) table.

3.3 MCU I/Os protection

If a ground protection network is used and negative transient are present on the V_{CC} line, the control pins will be pulled negative. ST suggests to insert a resistor (R_{prot}) in line to prevent the µC I/Os pins to latch-up.

The value of these resistors is a compromise between the leakage current of µC and the current required by the HSD I/Os (input levels compatibility) with the latch-up limit of µC I/Os.

$-V_{CCpeak}/I_{latchup} \leq R_{prot} \leq (V_{OH\mu C}-V_{IH}-V_{GND}) / I_{IHmax}$

Calculation example:

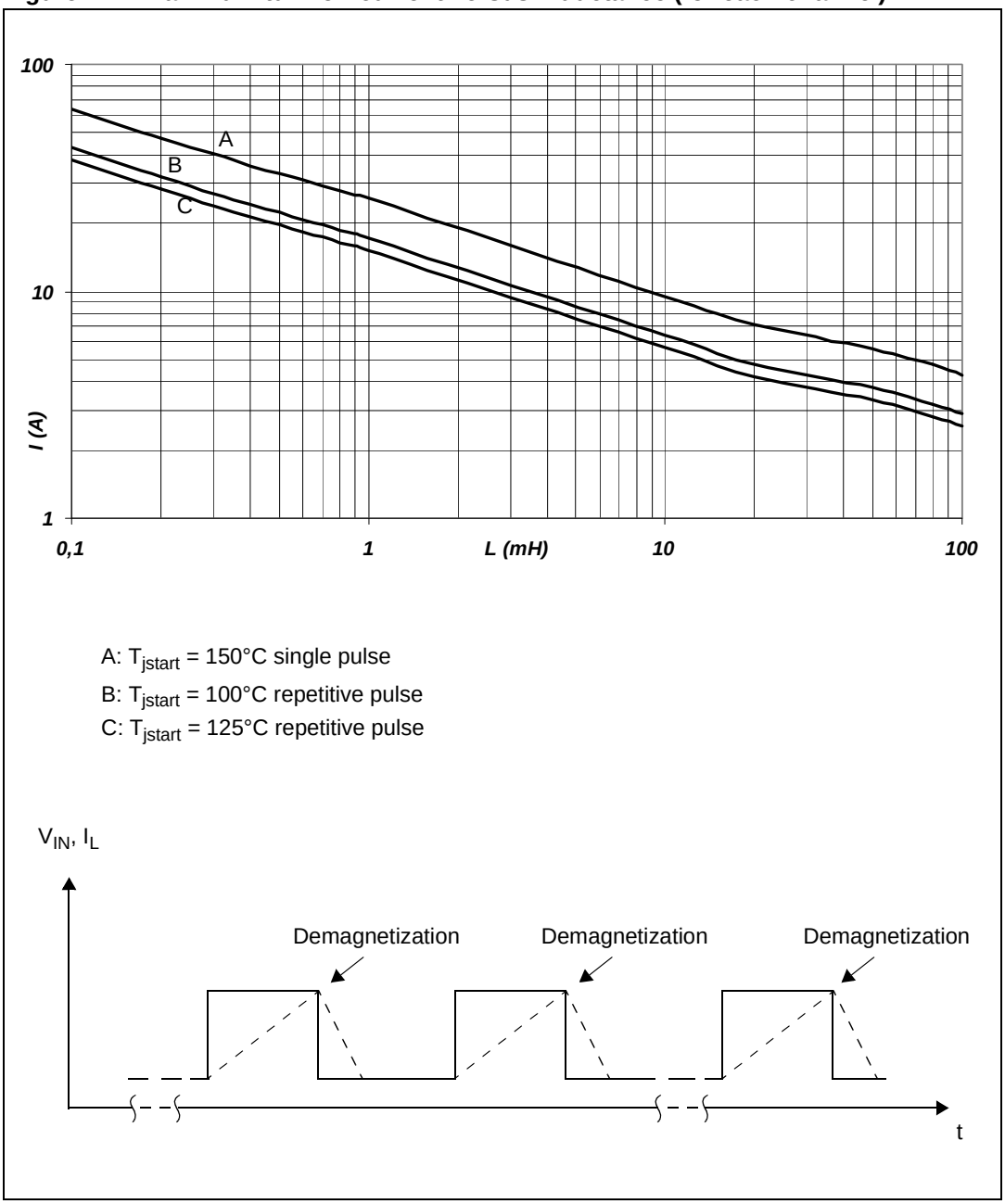
For V_{CCpeak}= - 100 V and $I_{latchup} \geq$ 20 mA; $V_{OH\mu C} \geq$ 4.5 V

5 kΩ ≤ R_{prot} ≤ 180 kΩ.

Recommended values: R_{prot} =10 kΩ, C_{EXT}=10 nF.

3.4 Maximum demagnetization energy (V_{CC} = 13.5V)

Figure 27. Maximum turn-off current versus inductance (for each channel)

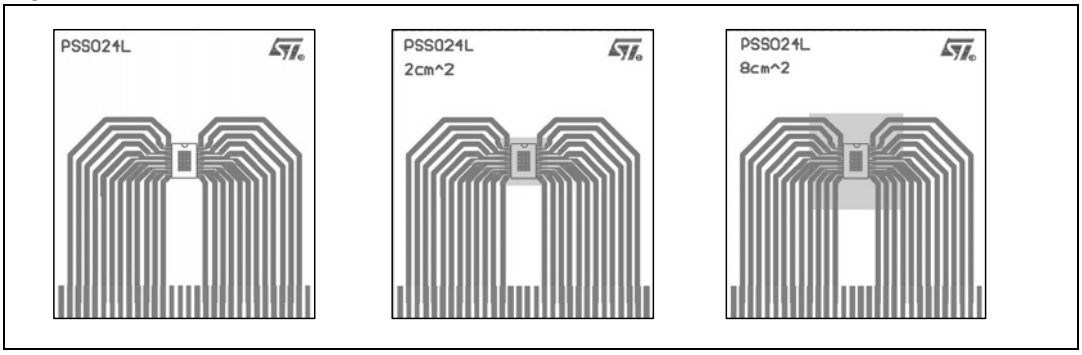


Note: Values are generated with R_L =0 Ω.In case of repetitive pulses, T_{jstart} (at beginning of each demagnetization) of every pulse must not exceed the temperature specified above for curves A and B.

4 Package and PCB thermal data

4.1 PowerSSO-24 thermal data

Figure 28. PowerSSO-24 PC board



Note: Layout condition of R_{th} and Z_{th} measurements (PCB: Double layer, Thermal Vias, FR4 area= 77 mm x 86 mm,PCB thickness=1.6 mm, Cu thickness=70 µm (front and back side), Copper areas: from minimum pad layout to 8 cm^2).

Figure 29. $R_{thj\text{-}amb}$ vs PCB copper area in open box free air condition (one channel on)

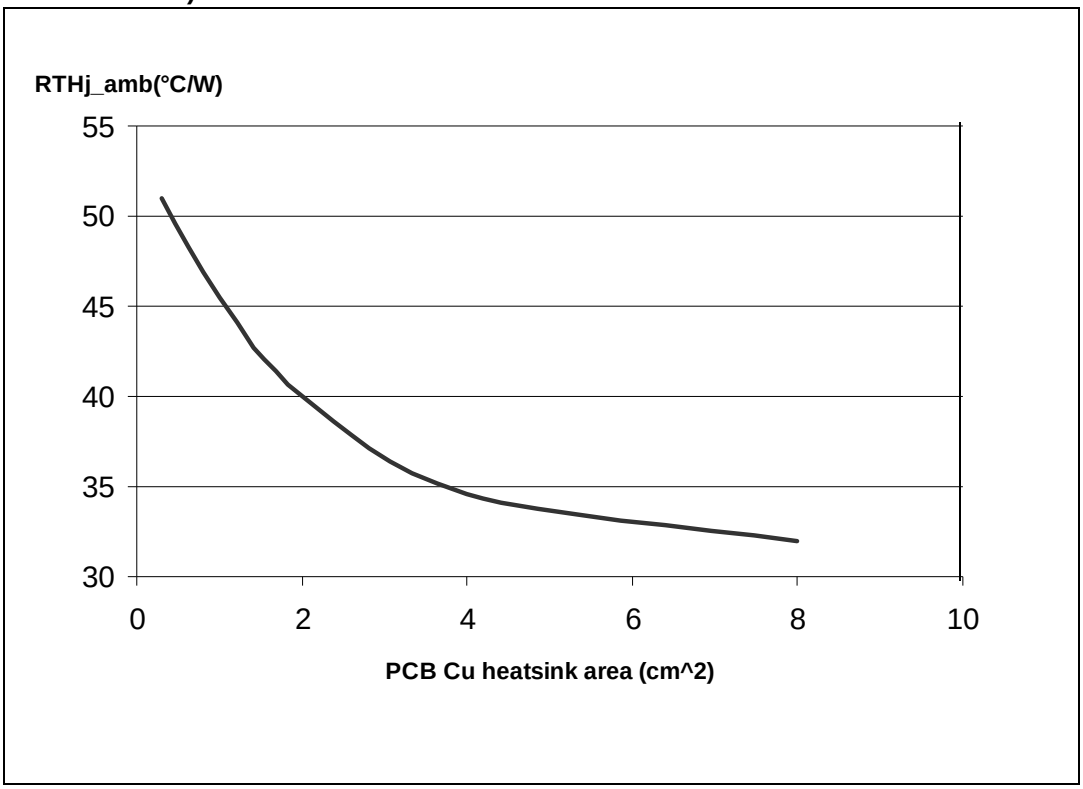
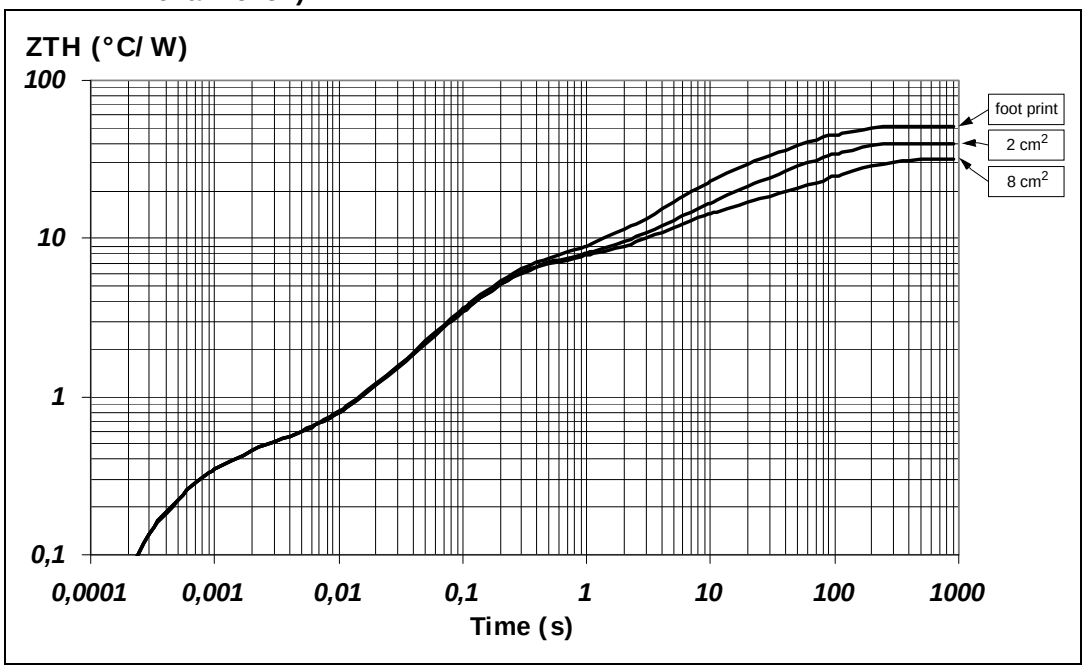


Figure 30. PowerSSO-24 thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse (one channel on)

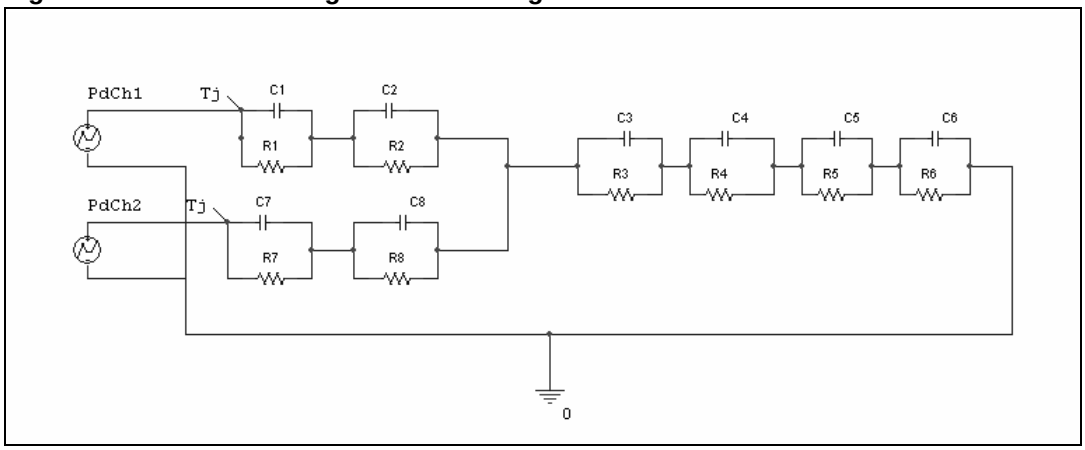


Equation 1: pulse calculation formula

$$Z_{TH\delta} = R_{TH} \cdot \delta + Z_{THtp}(1 - \delta)$$

where $\delta = t_P/T$

Figure 31. Thermal fitting model of a single channel HSD in PowerSSO-24(a)



a. The fitting model is a simplified thermal tool and is valid for transient evolutions where the embedded protections (power limitation or thermal cycling during thermal shutdown) are not triggered.

Table 15. Thermal parameter

Area/island (cm^2)	Footprint	2	8
R1 (°C/W)	0.1		
R2 (°C/W)	0.3		
R3 (°C/W)	6		
R4 (°C/W)	7.7		
R5 (°C/W)	9	9	8
R6 (°C/W)	28	17	10
R7 (°C/W)	0.1		
R8 (°C/W)	0.3		
C1 (W.s/°C)	0.0025		
C2 (W.s/°C)	0.0024		
C3 (W.s/°C)	0.025		
C4 (W.s/°C)	0.75		
C5 (W.s/°C)	1	4	9
C6 (W.s/°C)	2.2	5	17
C7 (W.s/°C)	0.0025		
C8 (W.s/°C)	0.0024		

5 Package and packing information

5.1 ECOPACK® packages

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: *www.st.com*.

ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

5.2 PowerSSO-24 package mechanical data

Figure 32. PowerSSO-24 package dimensions

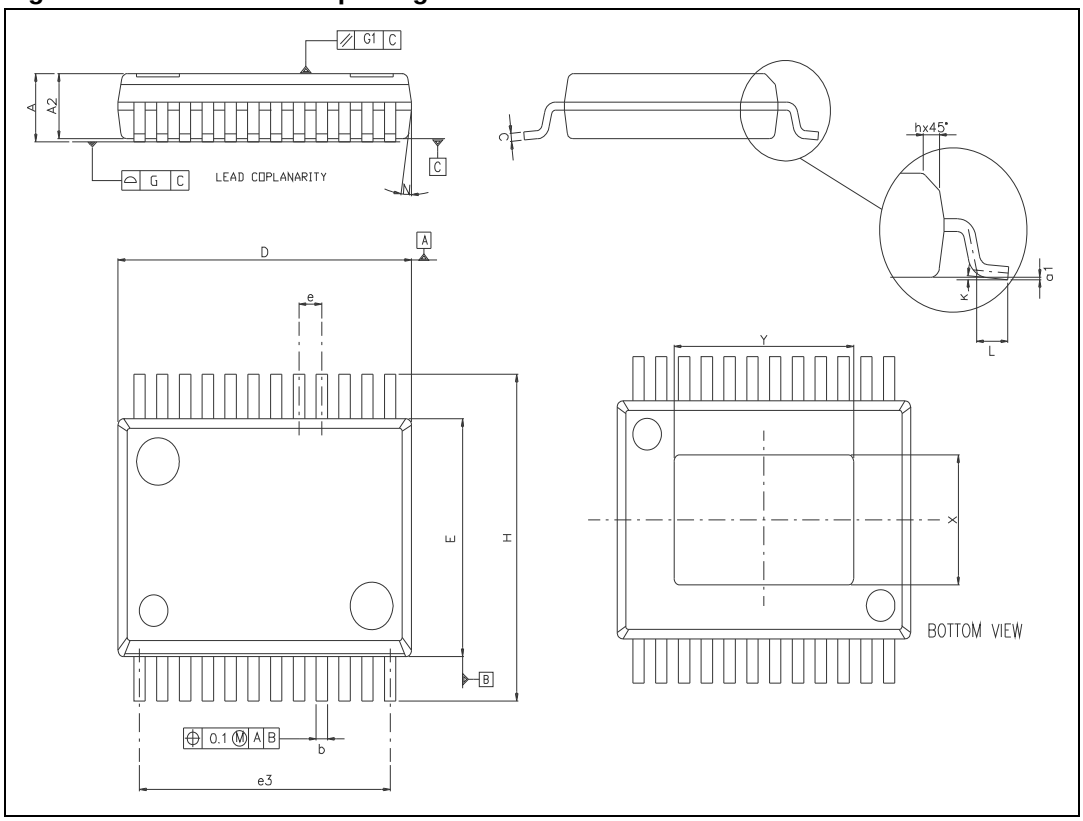


Table 16. PowerSSO-24 mechanical data

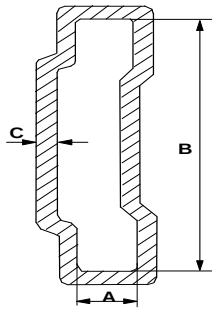
Symbol	Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	2.15		2.47
A2	2.15		2.40
a1	0		0.1
b	0.33		0.51

Table 16. PowerSSO-24 mechanical data (continued)

Symbol	Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
c	0.23		0.32
D	10.10		10.50
E	7.4		7.6
e		0.8	
e3		8.8	
G			0.1
G1			0.06
H	10.1		10.5
h			0.4
L	0.55		0.85
N			10deg
X	4.1		4.7
Y	6.5		7.1

5.3 PowerSSO-24 packing information

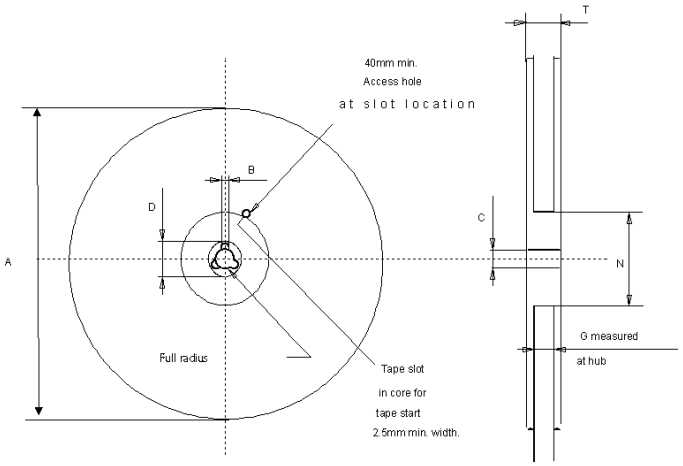
Figure 33. PowerSSO-24 tube shipment (no suffix)



Base Q.ty	49
Bulk Q.ty	1225
Tube length (± 0.5)	532
A	3.5
B	13.8
C (± 0.1)	0.6

All dimensions are in mm.

Figure 34. PowerSSO-24 tape and reel shipment (suffix “TR”)



Reel dimensions

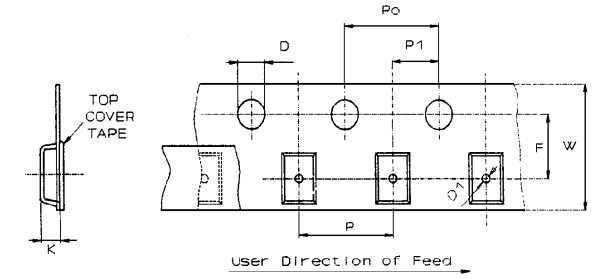
Base Q.ty	1000
Bulk Q.ty	1000
A (max)	330
B (min)	1.5
C (± 0.2)	13
F	20.2
G (+ 2 / -0)	24.4
N (min)	100

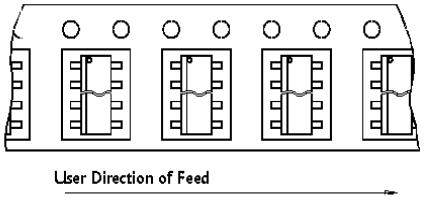
Tape dimensions

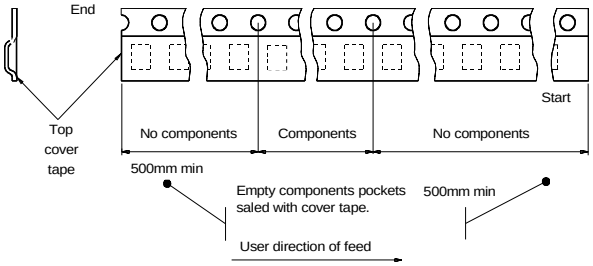
According to Electronic Industries Association
(EIA) Standard 481 rev. A, Feb. 1986

Tape width	**W**	24
Tape Hole Spacing	**P0 (± 0.1)**	4
Component Spacing	**P**	12
Hole Diameter	**D (± 0.05)**	1.55
Hole Diameter	**D1 (min)**	1.5
Hole Position	**F (± 0.1)**	11.5
Compartment Depth	**K (max)**	2.85
Hole Spacing	**P1 (± 0.1)**	2

All dimensions are in mm.







6 Revision history

Table 17. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
10-Apr-2006	1	Initial release.
02-Jul-2007	2	Document reformatted and restructured. Added lists of tables and figures. Added *ECOPACK® packages* information. *Table 4: Absolute maximum ratings*: updated EMAX entries. *Table 10: Current sense (8V<V_{CC}<16V)*: added dk1/k1, dk2/k2, dk3/k3, tDSENSE2H. Added *Figure 5: Delay response time between rising edge of output current and rising edge of current sense (CS enabled)*. Updated *Figure 6: I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE} vs I_{OUT}*. Added *Figure 7: Maximum current sense ratio drift vs load current*. *Table 12: Electrical transient requirements (part 1/3)*: updated Test level values III and IV for test pulse 5b and notes. Added *Section 3.4: Maximum demagnetization energy (VCC = 13.5V)*.
12-Feb-2008	3	Updated *Table 10: Current sense (8V<V_{CC}<16V)*: – changed dk3/k3 values from ± 3 to ± 4% – changed tDSENSE2H max value from 250 µs to 300 µs – added IOL parameter Updated *Figure 7: Maximum current sense ratio drift vs load current* with new dk3/k3 value.
18-Jul-2008	4	Updated *Table 4: Absolute maximum ratings*: corrected typing error in V_{ESD} parameter.
01-Aug-2008	5	Updated *Table 16: PowerSSO-24 mechanical data*: changed a1 max. value from 0.075 mm to 0.1 mm.
26-May-2009	6	Updated *Section 5.1: ECOPACK® packages*. Updated *Figure 13*, *Figure 15*, *Figure 16*, *Figure 17*, *Figure 18*, *Figure 20*, *Figure 21*, *Figure 22* and *Figure 23*.
02-Dec-2009	7	Added *Table 8: Logic inputs*.
23-Sep-2013	8	Updated Disclaimer.

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